

Geothermal Power

Presented to

Imperial Valley Study Group

San Diego, California February 10, 2005

MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company

Ø Six Primary Business Platforms:

MidAmerican Energy

Ø Distributes electricity and natural gas to 1.3 million customers in Iowa, Illinois, South Dakota and Nebraska.

O CE Electric UK

Ø Distributes electricity to more than 3.6 million customers in the Northeast of England and across Britain.

O CalEnergy

Owns and operates power plants in Illinois, Arizona, California, New York, Texas and the Philippines.

Kern River Gas Transmission Company

Owns and operates a 1,643-mile gas pipeline from southwestern Wyoming to near Bakersfield, California.

One of the Northern Natural Gas

Owns and operates 16,600 miles of pipeline from Texas to the upper Midwest.

O HomeServices

Second-largest residential real estate brokerage company in the United States, based on closed transactions.

MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company

- Ø Executive offices Omaha, Nebraska
- Ø Corporate headquarters Des Moines, Iowa
- Ø Privately owned by a four-party investor group Berkshire Hathaway is the largest shareholder
- Ø Business in U.S., U.K., Philippines, Poland and Australia
- Ø 5 million electric & gas customers
- Ø \$6.7 billion annual revenue
- Ø \$20 billion in assets
- Ø Approximately 11,500 employees
- Ø Approximately 9,000 MW of net generation capacity
- Ø www.midamerican.com

CalEnergy Geothermal Development History in Imperial Valley

Ø Fuel Source: Geothermal

Ø Location: Calipatria, California

Ø Salton Sea I: 1982 10 MW

Vulcan: 198638 MW

Ø Elmore: 1989 42 MW

Ø Hoch: 1989 42 MW

Salton Sea III: 1989 50 MW

Ø Leathers: 1990 42 MW

Ø Salton Sea II: 1990 17 MW

Duiton Sea II. 1770

Salton Sea IV: 1996 40 MW

Ø CE Turbo: 2000 10 MW

Ø Salton Sea V: 2000 49 MW

Ø Total Capacity: ~ 340 MW



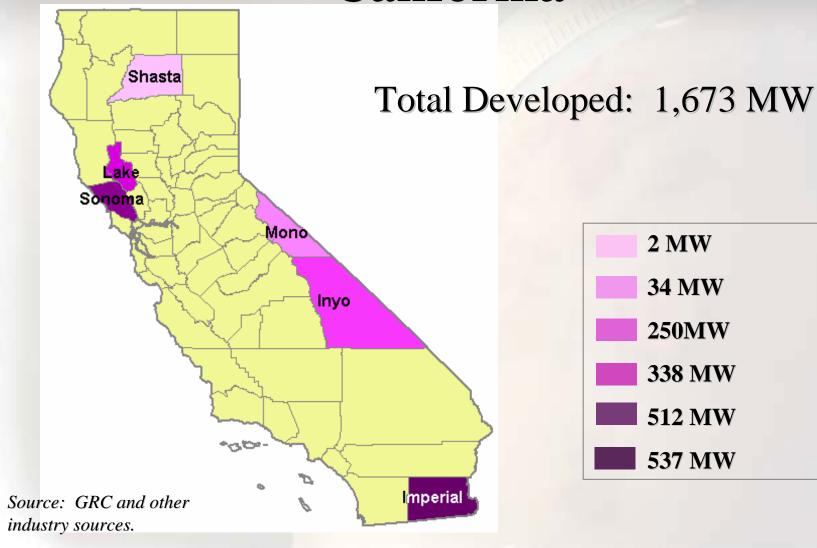
Salton Sea Unit 6: Proposed Geothermal Plant



- Ø Capitalizes on a vast regional potential
- Ø Fuel Source: Geothermal
- Ø Location: Imperial County, California
- Ø 205 MW net output
- Ø Planned COD 2008

- Ø Base-load plant
- Migh availability factor
- Ø "Green" energy
- Ø Proven technology
- In-state Renewable Energy

Developed Geothermal Power In California

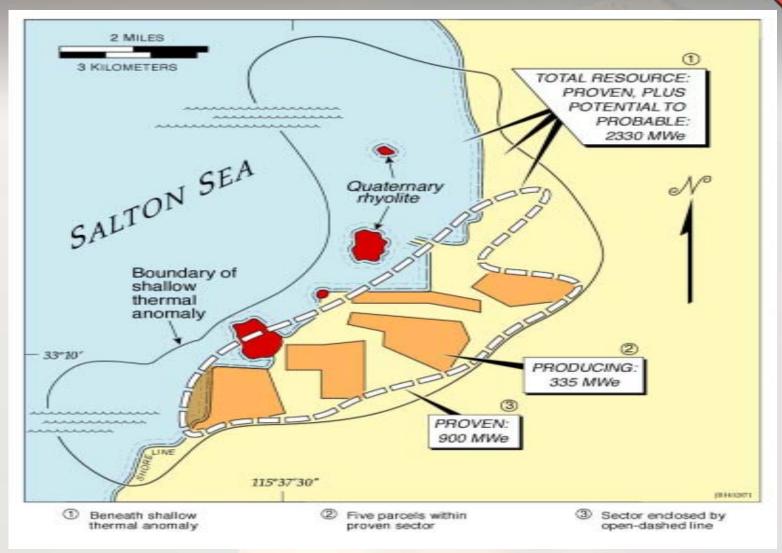


New Geothermal Development Opportunities in California

	Total Capacity		Capacity	Incremental Capacity		Most-likely Incremental	
Area	Minimum (Gross MW)	Most-Likely (Gross MW)	In Use (Gross MW)	Minimum (Gross MW)	Most-likely (Gross MW)	As % of State Total	
California							
Imperial Valley	1,900	2,500	550	1,350	1,950	65%	
The Geysers	1,200	1,400	850	350	550	18%	
Medicine Lake	150	200	0	150	200	7%	
Other	<u>450</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>300</u>	10%	
California Total	<u>3,700</u>	<u>4,700</u>	<u>1,700</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>100</u> %	

Source: GeothermEx, Inc. 2004

Salton Sea Resource Area, Imperial Valley, CA



Source: GRC

Geothermal Characteristics

- Baseload Operations
- High Capital Costs
 - Essential to have long-term (30-years) contract
- High Capacity Factor
 - Greater than 90% annual availability
- Cleaner Energy¹:
 - Virtually no Sulfur and Nitrogen Oxides emissions (SO_x and NO_x)
 - 92-percent reduction of water consumption,
 - 87-percent reduction of volatile compounds (VOC)
 - 61-percent reduction of particulate matters (PM10)
 - 78-percent reduction of carbon dioxide (CO2).

¹ When compared to a combined cycle plant of similar capacity Source: SS6 Application for Certification

Drivers of Renewable Markets in WECC

- California 20% RPS for Investor-Owned Utilities
- Voluntary RPS by LADWP, IID, SMUD, Riverside and other SCPPA members
- Nevada 15% RPS for Investor-Owned Utilities
- PacifiCorp RFP for 1,100 MW of renewable energy by 2010
- Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS)
 - Will track renewable energy in WECC
 - Online 2005
 - Sponsored by California Energy Commission and Western Governors' Association

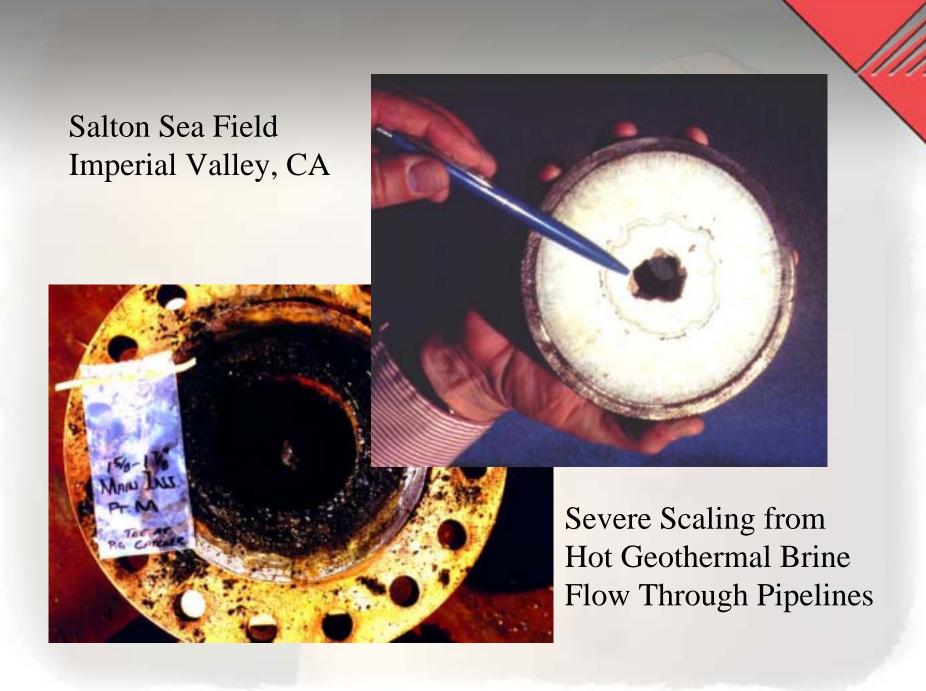
Geothermal Development

New geothermal development schedule

- Construct 3 new 200 MW plants, one every 2 years starting in 2009 (all 600 MW could be developed by 2010 under expedited conditions)
- Develop remaining 1,100 to 1,200 MW of geothermal power beyond 2013
- 18 months to permit a new geothermal plant
- 26 months for construction

Requirements to begin construction of new geothermal plants

- Long-term Power Sales Agreement— 30 years
 - Geothermal plants are base load cannot cycle the plant up and down
- CEC Certification and other permits in place
- Water supply and Interconnection Agreements
- Engineering, Procurement and Construction Contract
- Suitable Financing
- Long-term transmission service agreement to customer



SINCLAIR NO. 1 TEST FACILITY

ABANDONED AFTER
TWO MONTHS DUE TO
MINERAL DEPOSITION





Severe Corrosion from Hot Geothermal Brine Flow Through Carbon Steel Pipe

SONNY BONO SALTON SEA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE





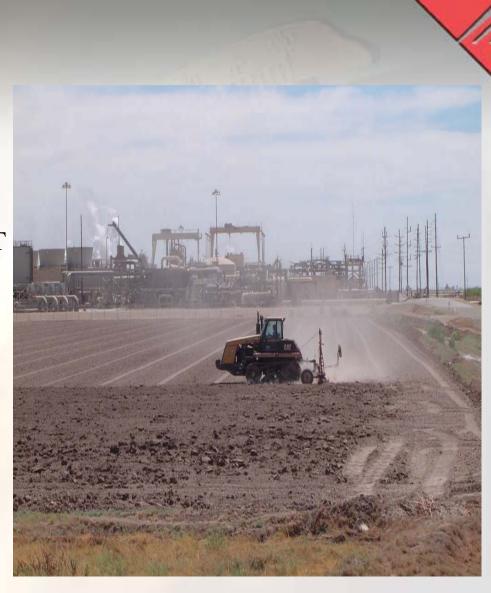
GEOTHERMAL DEVELOPMENT CO-EXISTS WITH WILDLIFE



GEOTHERMAL DEVELOPMENT

ALSO CO-EXISTS

WITH AGRICULTURE





THE SALTON SEA NEAR UNITS 3 & 4

CalEnergy's Region 1, Salton Sea Field



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